

Solve the following equations for the indicated variable.

$$2 \cdot A = \frac{1}{2}bh; \text{ for } h$$

$$\frac{2A}{b} = \frac{bh}{b}$$

$$h = \frac{2A}{b}$$

$$P = 2l + 2w; \text{ for } w$$

$$\frac{-2l}{2} \quad \frac{-2l}{2}$$

$$\frac{P-2l}{2} = \frac{2w}{2}$$

$$W = \frac{P-2l}{2}$$

OR

$$W = \frac{P}{2} - l$$

$$2 \cdot A = \frac{1}{2}h(b_1 + b_2); \text{ for } h$$

$$\frac{2A}{b_1+b_2} = \frac{h(b_1+b_2)}{(b_1+b_2)}$$

$$h = \frac{2A}{b_1+b_2}$$

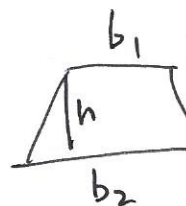
$$2 \cdot A = \frac{1}{2}h(b_1 + b_2); \text{ for } b_1$$

$$\frac{2A}{h} = \frac{h(b_1+b_2)}{h}$$

$$\frac{2A}{h} = b_1 + b_2$$

$$\frac{-b_2}{-b_2} \quad \frac{-b_2}{-b_2}$$

$$b_1 = \frac{2A}{h} - b_2$$



$$y = mx + b; \text{ for } x$$

$$\frac{-b}{-b} \quad \frac{-b}{-b}$$

$$\frac{y-b}{m} = \frac{mx}{m}$$

$$x = \frac{y-b}{m}$$